South Asia Subregional Economic Cooperation Program

SASEC Program Trade Facilitation in Asia and the Pacific

Regional Workshop on Promoting Connectivity through Trade Facilitation and Aid for Trade

Incheon, Republic of Korea 27-28 March 2017



www.sasec.asia

SASEC Trade Facilitation

- SASEC Program overview
- SASEC Operational Plan and sectors
- Trade facilitation issues and challenges
 in South Asia
- SASEC Trade Facilitation Program
- SASEC Trade Facilitation Strategic Framework
- Future directions and priorities

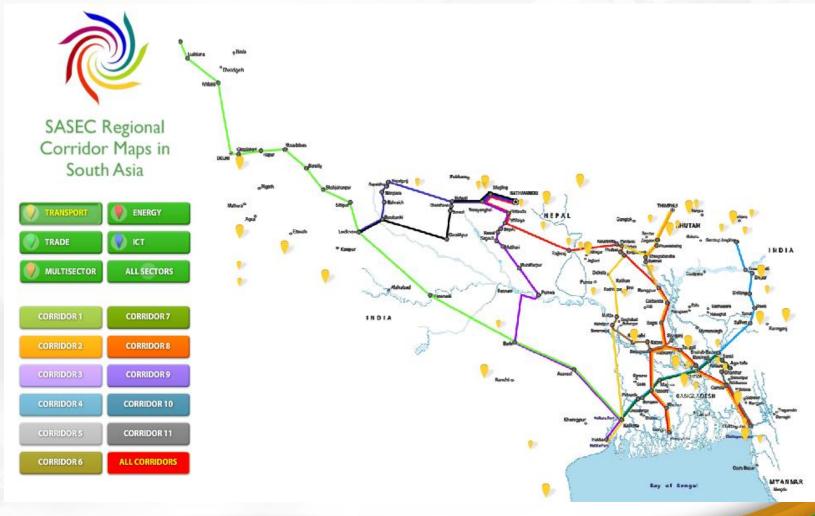


SASEC Overview

- Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Maldives, Myanmar, Nepal, Sri Lanka
- SASEC goal "to increase trade and economic cooperation within South Asia, create linkages to East and Southeast Asia, and promote sustained and inclusive economic growth through regional cooperation"
- 46 investment projects worth over \$9 billion
- 69 TA projects worth over \$65 million
- 4 sectors: transport, energy, trade facilitation, economic corridor development
- ADB serves as SASEC Secretariat

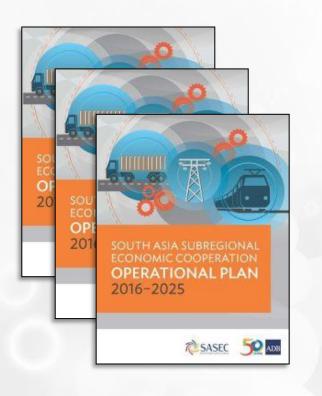


Connecting through Corridors





SASEC Operational Plan



- First 10-year comprehensive long-term plan
- 4 sectors: 220+ priority projects: \$120+ billion
 - SASEC Vision overarching framework and long-term strategy to support sustained and inclusive growth in SASEC member countries



Transport Sector



- Enhancing multimodal transport linkages road, rail, maritime, inland water transportation
- Improving access, reducing congestion at border crossings, ports
- Improving logistics infrastructure



Trade Facilitation Sector



- Customs measures, land- and sea-based
- Border and inland facilities, improved logistics, port processes, automation
- Through transport
- Improved operations of other border agencies, SPS/ TBT measures, NSW



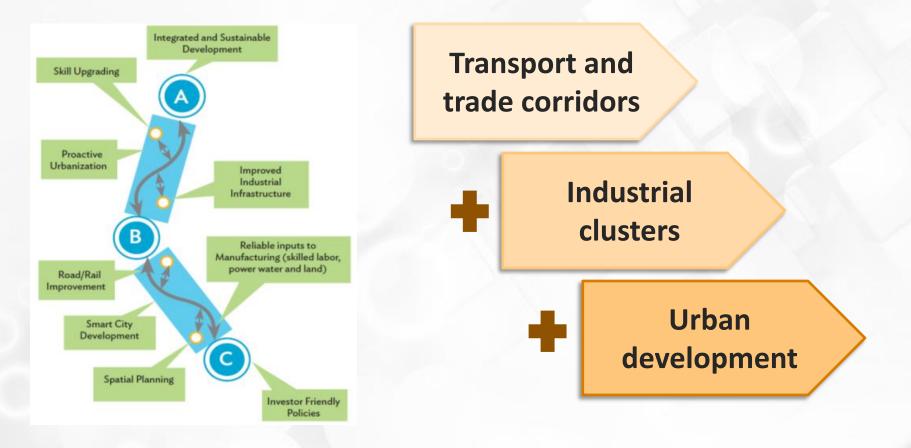
Energy Sector



- Improve energy trade infrastructure
- Develop bilateral and regional power markets (long-term goal)
- Promote low-carbon alternatives, energy efficiency and conservation measures



Economic Corridor Development





South Asia: TF Issues and Challenges

- Intra-regional trade share in SASEC countries 4.5% of region's total trade in 2015
- High transaction costs, poor logistics performance, too many nontariff barriers, cumbersome Customs procedures
- Limited automation of Customs systems
- Inadequate cross-border facilities
- Lack of effective transit arrangements
- Limited mechanisms for providing information to the private sector
- Physical remoteness from ports and access to global trading hubs
- Strengthening cooperation between governments to create efficient and integrated border management arrangements, including single-window systems

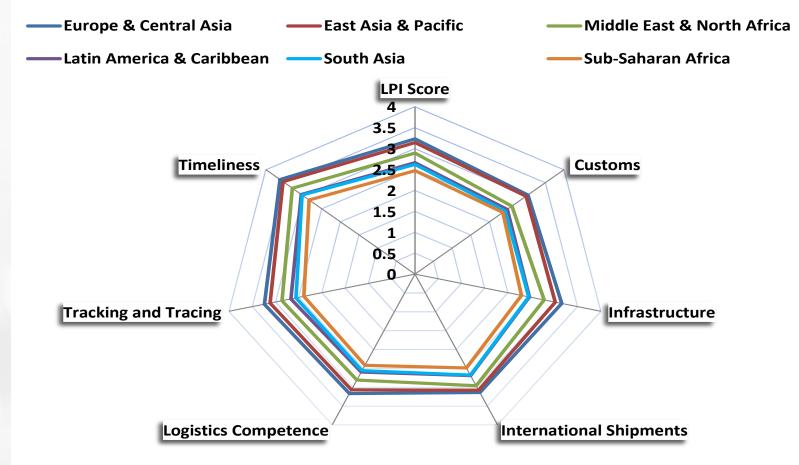


Doing Business 2017

Economy	Ease of Doing Business Rank (Global)		Trading Across Borders	
	2016	2017	2016	2017
Bangladesh	178	176	173	173
Bhutan	71	73	26	26
India	131	130	144	143
Maldives	129	135	147	147
Myanmar	171	170	149	159
Nepal	100	107	72	69
Sri Lanka	109	110	89	90



South Asia: LPI 2016



Source: lpi.worldbank.org//international/scorecard/radar/



SASEC Trade Facilitation Program (2012-2015)

- Bangladesh, Bhutan, Nepal \$48 million
- Accession to the RKC by all countries; amended RKCcompliant national legislations
- Web-based Customs management systems launched/ongoing
- Reduced import/export trade document management, simplified release, automated procedures
- NSW piloted /under development / pre-feasibility study
- trade information portals; client service centers
 - Japan Fund for Poverty Reduction TAs



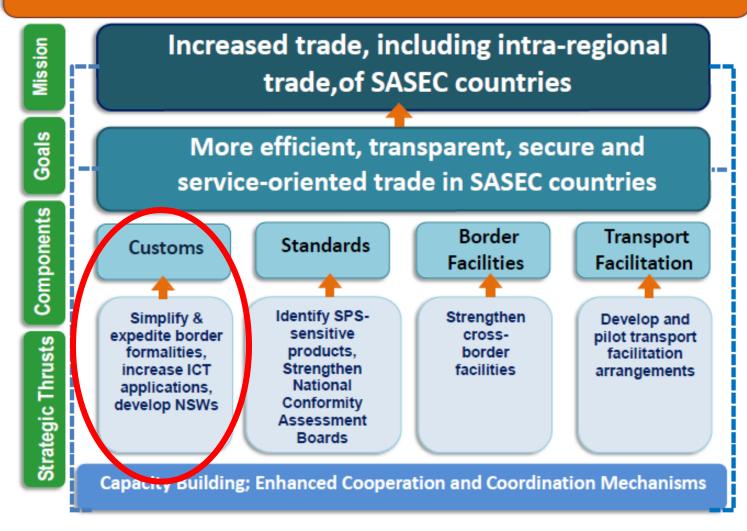
SASEC Trade Facilitation



- Customs modernization & harmonization
- Standards & conformity assessment
- Cross border facilities improvement
- Through transport facilitation
- Institution & capacity building



SASEC Trade Facilitation Strategic Framework





SASEC Customs Modernization

Customs Modernization

SASEC Customs

Subgroup Action Plan

6 Subregional Projects

- Exchange of documents at major BCPs
 Assessment of regulatory framework and infrastructure for containerized movement of cargo at land borders
- Institutionalize border meetings among customs authorities at major BCPs
- Automation of transit processes
- •FS of electronic exchange of data
- •Supporting implementation of ASYCUDA World

20 National Projects

Over 13 capacity building events held in priority areas -

- Customs valuation
- Risk assessment
- Trusted trader programs
- National single window
- International standards and conventions
- Post clearance audit



SCS National Projects

Priority Activities –

- Automation & connectivity
- National single window
- New RKC-compliant Customs Acts
- Trade portals

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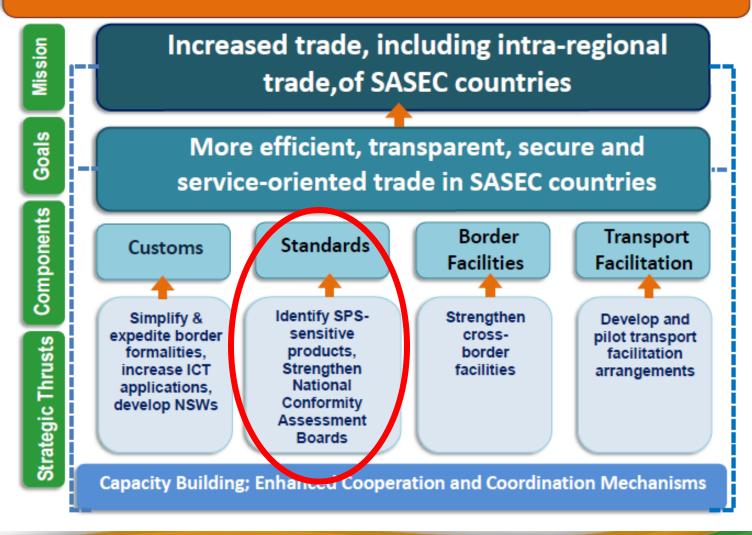
- Risk management
- Trusted trader/AEO
- Post-clearance audit
- Simplification of formalities

Expected Outcomes –

- Speedier clearance systems
- Reduced transaction costs
- Better targeting of high risk cargo
- Improved compliance levels
- Efficient allocation and use of resources
- Transparency and partnership with private sector



SASEC Trade Facilitation Strategic Framework



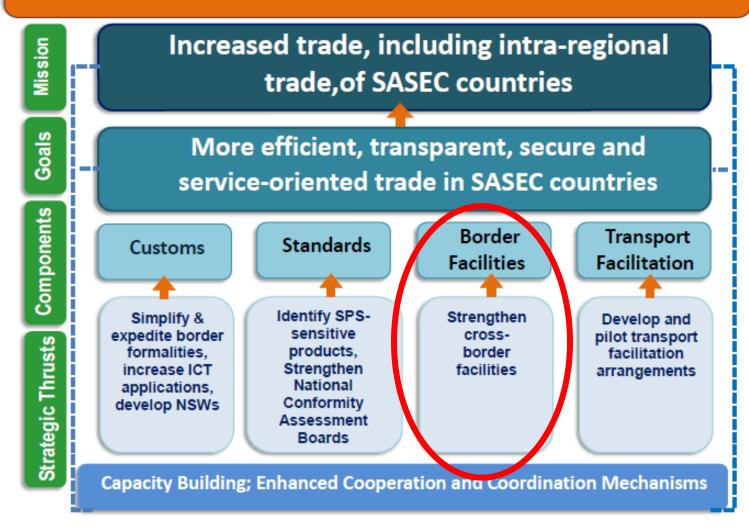


SASEC SPS/TBT

- Subregional SASEC workshops in 2013 and 2014
- SASEC national and regional SPS/TBT diagnostic studies
 - Consultation Workshops held in all SASEC countries
 - National studies underway
- SASEC SPS/TBT Subgroup mechanism
- Cooperation with SARSO and SAARC



SASEC Trade Facilitation Strategic Framework



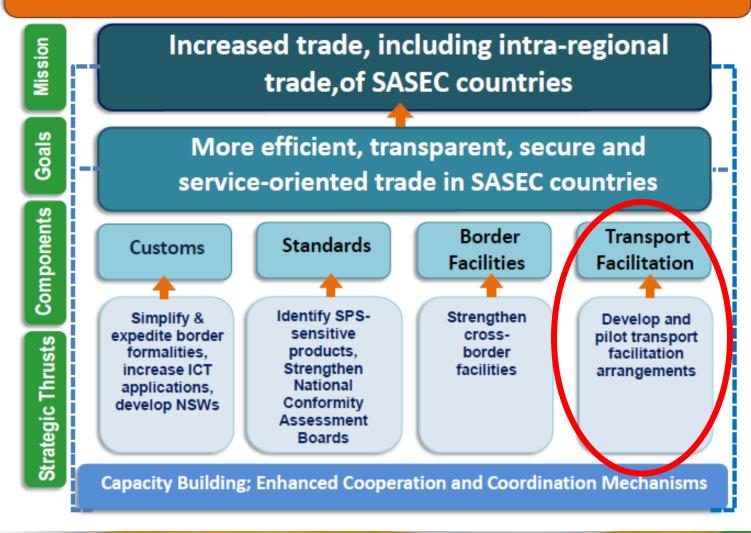


Cross-border Facilities

- Ongoing SASEC road projects include components to improve border infrastructure –
 - Bangladesh (2012) Improvement of land ports in Benapole and in Burimari
 - Bhutan (2014) Mini-dry port in Phuentsholing and Alay land custom station
 - Bhutan (2016) Procurement and installment of trade facilitation and logistics equipment
- Study on coordinated development of border infrastructure at select border points



SASEC Trade Facilitation Strategic Framework





Transport Facilitation

- Motor Vehicle Agreement (MVA) finalized and signed by Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, and Nepal (BBIN)
- Draft Protocol on movement of passenger vehicles substantively agreed; cargo trials conducted
- Draft MVA finalized by India, Myanmar, and Thailand
- Collaboration with UNESCAP in use of electronic tracking for transport and transit facilitation



SASEC OP – Future Directions for Trade Facilitation

Strategic Objective: Follow a comprehensive approach to transport and trade facilitation

TRANSPORT & TRADE FACILITATION

Land-based Trade facilitation Customs

 Maritime-based • Through transport • SPS/TBT



For More Information...









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